horns of some length, present in both sexes, and of a longis tail. They are all African in range.

The type genus *JEfippotrag^* has its horns placed above tfa orbits; they are not twisted, but curved backwards. There ar three species in the genus. Of these the best known is *&. nig&i* the beautiful Sable Antelope. Its general colour is a rich, darl glossy brown with, white stripes on the face, and with a whit belly. The other species are the Roan Antelope, *H. eguinus,* an« the Biaaubok, *H. leucophaeus,* of which the last specimen wa probably killed in 1799.[1]

The genus *Oryx* (chiefly African, but also Arabian and Syrian

FIG. 163. — Beatrix Aiitelope. *Oryx Beatrix.* x

also contains a number of species, which are fairly familiar through* the fact that several of them are always on view in the Zoo- logical Society's Gardens. The genus differs from *Sippotragus* in that the horns, present in both sexes, are placed behind the orbits, and slant backwards in a line with the face. They are The I^eucoryx (0. *leucoryx)* is of a pale colour, but

[1] [1] [1] "W- Ifc Sdater, *The fauna of South Afriea**